





PROPOSED HEDGEROW



REMOVED HEDGEROW



REMOVED TREES/PARKLAND



GRASSLAND/MEADOW



SITE BOUNDARY

The function of the proposed mitigation planting is primarily for screening, but it will also enhance the ecological corridors that area already present within the surrounding trees lines and hedgerows.

It is imperative to use native Irish species in so far as possible as they are adapted to Irish conditions and therefore more likely to thrive compared to imported stock. Selected species should also represent woodland and hedgerows in the surrounding environs although non-native species are not to be used, unless otherwise agreed with the Planning Authority.

All plants supplied shall be exactly true to name as shown in the plant schedules. Varieties with variegated and/or coloured leaves will not be accepted, and any plant found to be of this type upon leafing-out shall be replaced by the contractor. Bundles of plants shall be marked in conformity with BS3936: Part 1: 1965 and BS3936: part 4: 1966. The nursery supplier shall replace any plants which, on leafing out, are found not to conform to the labels.

Hedgerows
Mitigation screen planting shall consist of a mixture of native hedgerow species that are prevalent in the immediate area. Planting to consist of feathered whips (of various sizes) and advanced nursery stock (where necessary) in staggered rows at a spacing of 600mm.

All native species will be planted as whips, with the primary and secondary structure species to be of a minimum height of 80-100cm and the other shrub species to be of a minimum height of 40-60cm.

New sections of hedgerow to be planted and bolstered as per diagram LMP1.2 and maintained at a height of 2m unless otherwise specified.

Field Margins/Grassland Management

Field margins to be planted and/or managed in accordance with the BRIDE project EIP techniques. A minimum width of m from the base of the heagerow is recommended. It will be important to flail these margins every year during the period of September 15th to February 28th. A full management regime in accordance with best practice will be adhered to, ensuring that the species will thrive through natural regeneration. Field margin management techniques and wildflowers have been shown to increase biodiversit with numbers of pollinators clearly benefiting from these food sources and an increased presence of other animals in these margins being evident as well when compared to improved grassland margins managed more intensely.

Species mix to be finalised in conjunction with the project

Landscape Figures

Hedgerow Removal- c. 353 linear meters Tree/parkland removal- c. 2660 square meters New Hedgerow- c. 383 linear meters

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BALLYVATTA 110kV SUBSTATION

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